

МІЖРЕГІОНАЛЬНА
АКАДЕМІЯ УПРАВЛІННЯ ПЕРСОНАЛОМ



МАУП

**КОМПЛЕКСНІ КВАЛІФІКАЦІЙНІ
КОНТРОЛЬНІ ЗАВДАННЯ
з дисципліни
“ПРАКТИЧНИЙ КУРС ПЕРШОЇ
ІНОЗЕМНОЇ МОВИ”
(англійська мова)
(для спеціалістів спеціальності
“Педагогіка і методика середньої освіти.
Англійська мова”)**

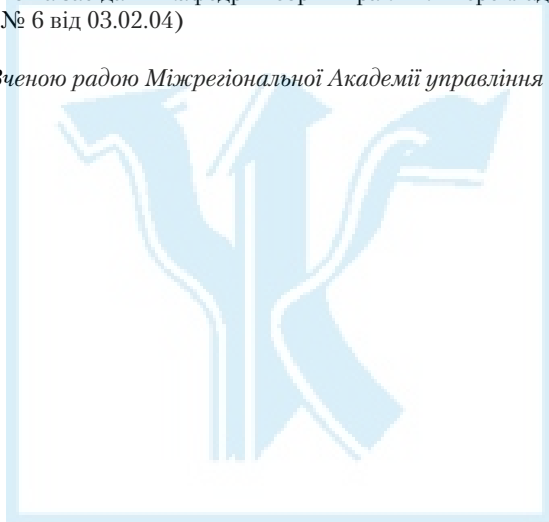
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Підготовлено доцентом кафедри теорії і практики перекладу
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Схвалено Вченою радою Міжрегіональної Академії управління персоналом



Бахов І. С. Комплексні кваліфікаційні контрольні завдання з дисципліни “Практичний курс першої іноземної мови” (англійська мова) (для спеціалістів спеціальності “Педагогіка і методика середньої освіти. Англійська мова”). – К.: МАУП, 2006. – 54 с.

Комплексні кваліфікаційні контрольні завдання з дисципліни “Практичний курс першої іноземної мови” (англійська мова) містять пояснювальну записку, контрольні завдання, а також список літератури.

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2006

ПОЯСНЮВАЛЬНА ЗАПИСКА

Комплексні кваліфікаційні контрольні завдання є однією із форм контролю якості знань студентів з курсу навчання за спеціальністю “Педагогіка і методика середньої освіти. Англійська мова”. Вони передбачають визначення рівня опанування студентами англійської мови наприкінці курсу навчання.

Завдання побудовані відповідно до положень освітньо-кваліфікаційної характеристики спеціальності “Педагогіка і методика середньої освіти. Англійська мова”.

Результати контролю є показником успішності студентів, які можна співвіднести з очікуваними навчальними досягненнями у вивченні іноземної мови.

Мета комплексних контрольних завдань — перевірити рівень сформованості умінь і навичок з усного та письмового мовлення, читання, письма й застосування їх як засобів усної та письмової комунікації.

Комплексні контрольні завдання складаються з 6 питань, які охоплюють різні аспекти мовлення.

Першим завданням є прочитати незнайомий неадаптований текст англійською мовою й перекласти його українською мовою, поставити кілька питань за змістом тексту. Питання мають бути різного типу і охоплювати зміст усього тексту. Це завдання дає змогу перевірити вміння студентів читати оригінальну художню, наукову та суспільно-політичну літературу, а також тексти на побутові теми з різною метою (розуміння основного змісту, повне і точне розуміння змісту, вилучення лінгвістичної інформації та її інтерпретація), дотримуючись логічності, зв'язності, завершеності, особливостей стилю, норм орфографії та пунктуації.

Друге та *третє* завдання дають змогу перевірити знання часових форм англійського дієслова. У *другому* завданні пропонується у дужках слово в інфінітивній формі слід застосувати за змістом у відповідній часовій формі. У *третьому* завданні пропонуються варіанти відповідей на питання, серед яких необхідно обрати правильний варіант.

Четверте завдання передбачає комплексну перевірку знань студентів з різних аспектів системи мови. У пропонуваному завданні необхідно знайти й виправити помилку, поставивши позначки “правильно” або “неправильно” поряд з кожним із запропонованих речень, у разі неправильного варіанта слід виправити речення.

Мета п'ятого та шостого завдань — перевірити рівень сформованості у студентів навичок перекладу.

У *п'ятому* завданні наведено українське речення з кількома варіантами перекладу. Потрібно вибрати правильний варіант.

У *шостому* завданні слід перекласти український текст англійською мовою.

Час виконання всіх завдань становить 80 хв, зокрема першого завдання — 25 хв., другого, третього, четвертого та п'ятого — по 10 хв., шостого — 15 хв.

Критерії оцінювання

Виконані завдання оцінюють за 100-бальною шкалою.

Перше завдання — 40 балів, друге — 10 балів, третє — 10 балів, четверте — 10 балів, п'яте — 10 балів, шосте — 20 балів.

Під час перевірки роботи викладач підкреслює помилки й позначає на полях тип помилки червоним чорнилом. Типи помилок позначаються і оцінюються так:

неправильне слово — *Lex.*, 1 бал;

пунктуація — *P.*, 0,5 бала;

граматичні помилки — *Gr.*, 1 бал;

стилістичні помилки (*напр.*, русизми) — *St.*, 0,5 бала;

неправильний порядок слів у реченні — *W.O.*, 1 бал;

неправильно вжиті прийменники — *Prep.*, 0,5 бала;

неправильно вжиті сполучники — *Conj.*, 0,5 бала;

неправильно вжиті артиклі — *Art.*, 1 бал;

неправильно вжиті часові форми дієслова — *T.*, 1 бал;

неправильний або неточний переклад — *Transl.*, 1 бал;

стилістичні, орфографічні помилки в мові перекладу — *St.*, 0,5 бала.

Робота оцінюється за такою шкалою:

Оцінка “відмінно” ставиться за набрані 93–100 балів;

“добре” — за 80–92 бали;

“задовільно” — за 65–79 балів;

“незадовільно” — за менш як 65 балів.

Під час виконання комплексної контрольної роботи дозволяється користуватися англомовним тлумачним словником.

КОНТРОЛЬНІ ЗАВДАННЯ

Варіант 1

Task 1. Read and translate the text. Ask 5 questions to the text.

Five years ago four CC language laboratories began work so that members could study foreign languages with greater efficiency. The laboratories had been equipped in the most modern way imaginable so as to offer optimum results with minimum effort. The greatest experts in the field of methodology including Professor Paul Potter had been invited to cooperate so that no detail should be overlooked. The non-CC experts believed that they were cooperating with the Anti-Utilitarian Society in its efforts to spread disinterested culture. Everything had been worked out meticulously. Special super-uncomfortable chairs had been designed so that learners could not and would not fall asleep in the laboratory. Virtually nothing had been neglected. Earphones, for example, had been designed in such a way that learners would remember the transmitted programme to the end of their lives. The spectacular results obtained with the first four language labs encouraged the experts to seek new possibilities. Last May, at the suggestion of the CC Camouflage Department, a specialized laboratory of Spoken Broken English was set up so that British members of the CC Special Branch would be able to gain proficiency in speaking English with various foreign accents. However, work had to be discontinued due to the shortage, or at times even lack, of appropriate teaching materials. Again Professor Paul Potter was invited to the Anti-Utilitarian Society Centre for consultations. His instructions were followed closely. Foreign speakers, who had managed to preserve their original accent unaffected despite long years of intensive language instruction, were recorded so that CC learners might have perfect models for imitation. A great deal of field work had been done so that the laboratory would not lack suitable material. The laboratory resumed work last October. The results are described as incredibly good. Professor Paul Potter claims that he has created a new branch of methodics: The Unteaching of English as a Mother Tongue.

Task 2. Use the verbs in brackets in the required Tense Form.

1. She never (*to read*) books on astrology.
2. This jumper (*to wash*) twice, and it has shrunk.

Task 3. Find the mistake in the underlined positions and correct it.

1. I'm less patienter than my brother is.
A B C D
2. I'd like some tea, but I don't like none biscuits.
A B C D

Task 4. Fill in the gaps with the correct form of the verb.

1. If she lived in the country, she _____ a dog.
a) would have; b) will have; c) has; d) must have.
2. What _____ to do tonight?
a) would you like; b) will you like; c) do you like; d) did you like.

Task 5. Chose the correct translation.

1. Як довго ти чекаєш на прибуття поїзда?

A. How long are you waiting for the train to arrive? B. How long have you waited for the train to arrive? C. How long have you been waiting for the train to arrive? D. How long had you been waiting for the train to arrive?

2. Йому порадили не розповідати їм історію свого життя.

A. They advised not to tell the story of his life to them. B. He was advised didn't tell the story of his life to them. C. He advised not to tell them the story of his life. D. He was advised not to tell the story of his life to them.

Task 6. Translate into English.

1. Дітям наказали гратися тихо.
2. Якби в мене були гроші, я б купила багато гарного одягу.

Варіант 2

Task 1. Read and translate the text. Ask 5 questions to the text.

Dr. Cracks and Mr. Screws are Mr. Crooksberry's closest associates and personal advisers. The two men represent two essentially different points of view regarding CC policies. Dr. Cracks wants the Organization to be constantly modernized and brought up to date. He would particularly like to see electronic equipment used more extensively. He expects CC members to devote a great deal of time to professional training. He wants them to excel non-CC experts not only in professional skills but also in physical fitness and mental resilience. He wants them not only to work, but also to relax properly. They are not expected to be interested in too many things. Great concentration should be followed by complete relaxation and an absence of perplexing problems. Dr. Cracks insists that the CC should provide tennis courts and swimming pools for its members. Mr. Screws, on the other hand, demands that the Organization should be run more economically and looks upon all problems in terms of money. This is not surprising because Mr. Screws is in charge of the CC finances. He is

anxious that the CC gold reserves should be untouched. To him electronic equipment, tennis courts and swimming pools are nothing compared with the gold reserves. He desperately tries to make Mr. Crooksberry see the danger of excessive spending. Once, while at Mr. Crooksberry's birthday party, Mr. Screws was even heard to talk about the CC trade deficit, but people were too busy to listen to him carefully. Mr. Crooksberry understands that both Dr. Cracks and Mr. Screws are right. It is necessary that modern equipment should be brought into service and at the same time it is essential that the expenses should be kept down to a minimum. There is only one way of resolving this dilemma: forcible acquisition of modern equipment on a non-payment basis. But this still leaves the problem of the tennis courts and swimming pools unsolved.

Task 2. Use the verbs in brackets in the required Tense Form.

1. When the Americans (*to land*) on the Moon?
2. Stradivari's best instruments (*to make*) in 1720.

Task 3. Find the mistake in the underlined positions and correct it.

a) The Queen's the most rich woman in the world.

A B C D

b) There are a few carrots, we don't need much of them.

A B C D

Task 4. Fill in the gaps with the correct form of the verb.

1. If she _____ in the evening, she would have more time to play with the children.

- a) wouldn't work; b) doesn't work;
c) don't work; d) won't work.

2. My teachers always expected me _____ well in exams.

- a) doing; b) will do; c) to do; d) do.

Task 5. Chose the correct translation.

1. Джон не міг змусити себе повернутися до Лондона.

A. John couldn't make himself return to London. B. John couldn't made himself return to London. C. John couldn't makes himself return to London. D. John couldn't make himself to return to London.

2. Мені було приємно думати, що ніхто не знає про мої плани.

A. It pleased me to think that nobody didn't know about my plans. B. It pleasant for me to think that nobody knew about my plans. C. It pleased me think that nobody knows about my plans. D. It pleased me to think that nobody knew about my plans.

Task 6. Translate into English.

1. Ви б вирощували овочі, якби жили у селі?
2. Мене спитали, де квартирне агентство.

Варіант 3

Task 1. Read and translate the text. Ask 5 questions to the text.

Experts of the British Branch from the CC Psychological Department claim that it is possible to find conclusive evidence in favour of the thesis that. CC activities constitute a socially and economically constructive element within the framework of the welfare state. They do not exclude the possibility that there exists equally conclusive evidence to support the theory that the CC's active presence constitutes a highly positive factor in other models of economic and social organization, but that does not directly concern the British Branch. The British Branch experts describe the present day situation of Britain in the following way: 'The welfare state offers its citizens too many facilities and makes them feel too secure. People grow lazy and their energies diminish. The National Health Service helps people to get old. The population of Britain is getting older and older, more and more unproductive, less and less energetic, sadder and sadder, more and more hopeless. All that is due to the fact that people get much more money than they ought to get and are encouraged to live much longer than they ought to live. Many people live almost as long as they like and not infrequently much longer than they like. The question arises: 'Can the British manage to survive as a young and healthy nation?' The answer is simple: 'Yes, they can. Thanks to the CC'. The CC removes the superfluous and harmful feeling of security and thus makes people feel younger and more aggressive. Life becomes more dramatic and shorter. People learn to live with greater intensity. The CC enables them to get rid of their money and seek more permanent values, according to the principle: 'the worse off materially the better off spiritually'. Every increase in the CC net profits brings about a corresponding increase in public health and morality. Thanks to the CC, public complacency is eliminated, the sense of tragedy is kept alive and restored to its full dignity.'

Task 2. Use the verbs in brackets in the required Tense Form.

1. She met her husband while she (*to learn*) English at Cambridge.
2. Your house (*to decorate*) recently?

Task 3. Find the mistake in the underlined positions and correct it.

1. The world's most small countries are Vatican City and Monaco.

A B C D

2. Dogs are more friendly than cats.

A B C D

Task 4. Fill in the gaps with the correct form of the verb.

1. The dentist told me _____ more careful when I brush my teeth.

a) to be; b) being; c) be; d) was.

2. Ashley is allergic to cheese. If he _____ cheese, he gets an awful rash.

a) is eating; b) will eat; c) has eaten; d) eats.

Task 5. Chose the correct translation.

1. Йому не довелося жити у Лондоні влітку.

A. He hadn't to live in London in summer.

B. He wasn't to live in London in summer.

C. He couldn't have to live in London in summer.

D. He didn't have to live in London in summer.

2. Коли я прокинувся, то відчув, що пора викликати лікаря.

A. When I woke up I was feeling it was time to call a doctor.

B. When I woke up I felt it had been time to call a doctor.

C. When I had woken up I felt it was time to call a doctor.

D. When I woke up I felt it was time to call a doctor.

Task 6. Translate into English.

1. Мені пояснили, що рахунки за електрику та газ зараховані до орендної плати.

2. Ми підемо за покупками, коли магазини будуть повні різдвяних подарунків.

Варіант 4

Task 1. Read and translate the text. Ask 5 questions to the text.

By the time you have reached the end of this book many things will have happened which have not been recorded here. That is quite natural, for life is always well ahead of books. However, in this epoch of science and technology it is possible to go a long way beyond what is natural and foresee future events with surprising clarity and exactitude. Believe it or not, owing to a special time telescope our experts have managed to foresee the future of the persons described here. The following things will have happened by the time you have reached the end of this course: Mr. Hawk will have married Alice Elliott. They will have emigrated to Australia and bought a farm there. Peter Snop will have returned to Poland and taken his doctor's degree. The

title of his dissertation cannot, for certain reasons, be disclosed at present. Mr. Baxter will have had a coronary from which he will have recovered and will again be as energetic as ever. Miss Clara Flight will have become head of the Sociological Department of a newly established non-academic centre. Mr. Crooksberry, accompanied by Dr. Cracks and all the other leading members of his staff, will have boarded a huge CC space rocket and after a brief, but entirely successful flight, will have disappeared in space. When these words are being printed, their whereabouts is estimated to be about thirty million light years from the Earth. As a result of this deplorable accident, the CC will have ceased to exist as a world organization.

Mr. Cyril Cleaves will have been forgotten as an abstract painter only to reappear on the stage of life as a gentleman of leisure. Professor Paul Potter will have worked out a foolproof method of teaching foreign languages to machines. Thanks to his unflagging efforts, methodics will have become the purest of all applied sciences. It will be practiced by machines through machines for machines. That, however, need not discourage learners from using this book. They will have mastered English sufficiently well to outwit the cleverest computer.

Task 2. Use the verbs in brackets in the required Tense Form.

1. Scientists (*to find*) a cure for cancer in the nearest future?
2. School teachers (*to pay*) about £ 15,000 a year.

Task 3. Find the mistake in the underlined positions and correct it.

1. Did you have much problems with this exercise?

A B C D

2. English grammar is less easy than German grammar.

A B C D

Task 4. Fill in the gaps with the correct form of the verb.

1. They refuse _____ out on trips if it's too hot.

a) will go; b) going; c) go; d) to go.

2. You make such delicious cakes. If you sold them you _____

a fortune.

a) would make; b) will make; c) make; d) have made.

Task 5. Chose the correct translation.

1. Він був тоді хворий, тому її залишили доглядати його.

A. He was ill at that time and she left to look at him. B. He was ill at that time and she was left to look at him. C. He was ill at that time and she was left to look after him. D. He was ill at that time and she was left to look at him.

2. Сльози допомогли мені відчутти полегшення.

A. The tears made me to feel relaxation. B. The tears made me feeling relaxation. C. The tears made me feel relaxation. D. The tears made me felt relaxation.

Task 6. Translate into English.

1. Квартиродавець повідомила нам, що поміняла килимове покриття в усіх кімнатах.
2. Якби я мав можливість позичити гроші, я б, можливо, добудував дім.

Варіант 5

Task 1. Read and translate the text. Ask 5 questions to the text.

CC economic experts are of the opinion that the overhead expenses of the Organization are too high. They say that unless productivity is considerably increased it will become necessary to freeze the basic salaries. The CC member's pay consists of a basic salary plus a bonus the amount of which is fixed according to the value of the work done in a given month. At present a system of special incentives and other measures is being worked out so as to boost productivity. Special premiums will be paid for courage combined with caution so that these virtues should flourish among CC members. Bonuses will also be paid for the carrying out of difficult tasks so that the members will not become effete. At the same time new equipment will be brought into service so that members will be able to keep abreast of technological progress. Premiums will be paid for high proficiency in foreign languages so that international cooperation within the CC may become closer and more effective. Experts of the CC Psychological Department propose to introduce special bonuses for persons holding academic degrees so as to encourage intellectual development among members. Various kinds of competitions will be organized so that members can demonstrate and further develop useful skills. Masked balls will be held regularly so that operatives can test the credibility of their disguises and the reliability of the new voice-changing devices. It is expected that these and other measures will result in a decisive improvement in the field of CC productivity so that no wage freeze will have to be introduced.

Task 2. Use the verbs in brackets in the required Tense Form.

1. I was nervous because I not (*to fly*) in a plane before.
2. Three teenagers (*to give*) an award for bravery yesterday.

Task 3. Find the mistake in the underlined positions and correct it.

1. I bought many fruit, but they didn't have any vegetables.

A B C D

2. The English Channel at its most narrow part is 32 kilometres wide.

A B C D

Task 4. Fill in the gaps with the correct form of the verb.

1. We decided _____ a house with a swimming pool.

a) rent; b) to rent; c) renting; d) would rent.

2. What would you do if your baby _____ into the water?

a) fell; b) would fall; c) might fall; d) with fall.

Task 5. Choose the correct translation.

1. Бувало йому доводилось літати до Лондона, щоб побачитись з адвокатом.

A. He used to have to fly to London to meet his solicitor.

B. He used having to fly to London to meet his solicitor.

C. He would fly to London to meet his solicitor.

D. He used he had to fly to London to meet his solicitor.

2. Учора обікрали Національний Банк Британії.

A. The British National Bank was robbed yesterday.

B. Thieved stole the British National Bank yesterday.

C. Someone has robbed The British National Bank yesterday.

D. Yesterday someone stole the British National Bank.

Task 6. Translate into English.

1. Раніше вона не займалася верховою їздою, а зараз збирається.

2. Ким був розроблений дизайн автомобіля “Фольксваген Бітл”?

Варіант 6

Task 1. Read and translate the text. Ask 5 questions to the text.

Dr. Cracks does not try to conceal the fact that he is fascinated by the developments in the field of technology and applied science. He finds particular pleasure in having various ultra-modern devices installed in his house: Lately several self-regulating automatic devices such as an electronic butler and an automatic secretary, have been added to his collection. He has had the electronic butler equipped with perfect manners and the ability to do without sleep. The robot is so clever that he can steal small quantities of spirits and drink them without becoming intoxicated. The automatic secretary has an amazing memory but it lacks feminine charm. That is why Dr. Cracks has decided to have it dismantled and a more feminine model put

in its place. Dr. Cracks has recently had a special TV screen installed in his study. On it he can watch the behavior of various CC members who happen to be within a range of 500 miles. He is planning to get the range extended to 5000 miles. In the privacy of his study Dr. Cracks sometimes toys with the idea of having an automatic CC Chairman made to order. Dr. Cracks cannot help noticing that Mr. Crooksberry, although exceptionally gifted, is not always able to cope with his numerous responsibilities. However, Dr. Cracks does not at present contemplate the possibility of having Mr. Crooksberry pensioned off.

Task 2. Use the verbs in brackets in the required Tense Form.

1. My stomach-ache disappeared after I (*to take*) some medicine.
2. In the first year of Coca-Cola only nine drinks a day (*to sell*).

Task 3. Find the mistake in the underlined positions and correct it.

1. Mummy's croissants are much more better than aunty's.

A B C D

2. The shop hasn't got many washing power.

A B C D

Task 4. Fill in the gaps with the correct form of the verb.

1. Everyone hopes _____ themselves on holiday, but it isn't easy.
a) enjoying; b) enjoy; c) will enjoy; d) to enjoy.
2. I _____ to work if I didn't feel so ill.
a) would go; b) go; c) must go; d) went.

Task 5. Choose the correct translation.

1. Коли я доїхав до офісу, я зрозумів, що забув зачинити вхідні двері.

- A. When I got to the office I realized I forgot to lock the front door.
- B. When I got to the office I realized I had forgotten to lock the front door.
- C. When I got to the office I had realized to forget to lock the front door.
- D. When I had got to the office I realized I forgot to lock the front door.

2. Я знав, що можу допомогти їй, якщо тільки буду тримати язик за зубами.

- A. I knew I could only help her if I should keep my mouth shut.
- B. I knew I could only help her if I kept my mouth shut.
- C. I knew I would only help her if I keep my mouth shut.
- D. I knew I can only help her if I will keep my mouth shut.

Task 6. Translate into English.

1. Як часто приносять пошту у вашому місті?
2. Я попросила дозволити мені піти на концерт у п'ятницю.

Варіант 7

Task 1. Read and translate the text. Ask 5 questions to the text.

Last Tuesday was the most unusual day in Mr. Hawk's life as a clerk. He stayed in the office all day and did absolutely nothing although there was a great deal of work to be done. He ought to have sent off a very important letter. He should have interviewed a client interested in booking a seat on the first British Passenger Moon Rocket to be launched in the year 2000. He ought to have finished writing a report for Mr. Baxter. He should have made a long distance telephone call to the American branch of the firm. And yet he did absolutely nothing. He felt as if paralyzed by an inexplicable feeling of euphoria. On the following day he was dismissed by Mr. Baxter. Mr. Hawk did not show the slightest regret although he could not explain, even to himself, why he felt so carefree. A day later he won a fortune from the pools.

At present Mr. Hawk, deliriously happy, is being examined by ESP (Extra Sensory Perception) experts who claim to have at last found conclusive evidence in favor of the pre-cognition theory. The experts maintain that Mr. Hawk must have felt that he was going to win long before this actually happened although the feeling was largely subconscious. He must have known that the luckiest moment in his life was approaching. He may even have subconsciously guessed the exact amount of money that he was going to win. He may have had dreams which he later forgot. Some experts go even further and do not exclude the possibility that Mr. Hawk might have actually seen the lucky numbers during a subsequently forgotten doze in the office (Mr. Hawk frankly admitted having dozed in the office on more than one occasion). The relevant information concerning the numbers must have been stored just below the threshold of his subconscious mind because otherwise he would not have dreamed the dream early enough to fill in the coupons in time. He might even not have dreamed it at all. Mr. Hawk is very cooperative in giving frank and highly illuminating interviews and press conferences.

Task 2. Use the verbs in brackets in the required Tense Form.

1. He's tired because he (*to travel*) round London all day.
2. What factory (*to show*) to the tourists tomorrow?

Task 3. Find the mistake in the underlined positions and correct it.

1. Brunei is one of the smallest but the most rich countries in the world.

A B C D

2. There are a lot of flour but very little butter.

A B C D

Task 4. Fill in the gaps with the correct form of the verb.

1. When we arrived the people next door invited us _____ a drink with them.

a) for have; b) have; c) to have; d) having.

2. If I _____ a princess, I'd have servants to look after me.

a) were; b) will be; c) am; d) would be.

Task 5. Choose the correct translation.

1. Батько був розлючений, тому що я розбив його машину.

A. My father was furious because I crashed his car. B. My father was furious because I has crashed his car. C. My father was furious because I had crashed his car. D. My father was furious after I had crashed his car.

2. Сподівались, що він має зв'язки з лондонським відділенням фірми.

A. He was expected to have connections with the London branch of the firm.

B. Some expected him have connections with the London branch of the firm.

C. He expected to have connections with the London branch of the firm.

D. He was expected by some having connections with the London branch of the firm.

Task 6. Translate into English.

1. Він запропонував подарувати їй книгу кулінарних рецептів.

2. Коли був знесений Берлінський мур?

Варіант 8

Task 1. Read and translate the text. Ask 5 questions to the text.

At Westminster yesterday the parliamentary debate continued on the criminal activities of the gigantic gangster organization known to the police as the CC. The problem has been raised in the House of Commons several times before. Yesterday it was again the subject of debate in the House of Lords. The Home Secretary, who had been invited

to attend the debate, found himself in rather an awkward position when he became the target of the Lords' critical remarks. Lord Randall asked when the police intended to arrest a Mr. Crooksberry the alleged CC leader and why this had not been done before. Lord Oxendale wanted to know how long the Home Secretary expected it would take the police to put an end to the CC activities in this country and how much it would eventually cost. Lord Hucksford demanded that the Home Secretary should tell the Lords how many policemen had been bribed and had in fact cooperated with the CC. Lord Foxcastle expressed the opinion that it was essential to establish whether a Mr. Crooksberry really existed before making any arrangements for his arrest. Lord Manesborough asked where Superintendent Pillows of New Scotland Yard had been when the Bank of England robbery had been committed and who was responsible for the failure to trace the robbers. Lord Bloomskirk wanted to know whether the Home Secretary was contemplating the possibility of handing in his resignation in case it was proved conclusively that an individual of the name of Crooksberry really existed and was in fact connected with what was popularly referred to as the CC.

Task 2. Use the verbs in brackets in the required Tense Form.

1. You (*to break*) my camera! Look at it. It's no use!
2. Hurry up. You (*to wait*) for.

Task 3. Find the mistake in the underlined positions and correct it.

1. She is much more outgoing then many Bruneian girls.
A B C D
2. The children used to stop to spend a little pence on sweets.
A B C D

Task 4. Fill in the gaps with the correct form of the verb.

1. My teacher let me _____ home early because I fell ill.
a) go; b) to go; c) going; d) must go.
2. Will you go skiing if it _____?
a) doesn't snow; b) won't be snow; c) is not snow; d) won't snow.

Task 5. Choose the correct translation.

1. Х'ю прочитав рецензію на цю книгу в одній з американських газет і запропонував купити її для бібліотеки.
A. Hugh read a review of the book in American paper and suggested to buy it for the library.
B. Hugh had read a review of the book in American paper and suggested it to be bought for the library.

C. Hugh has read a review of the book in American paper and suggested it to buy for the library.

D. Hugh read a review of the book in American paper and suggested buying it for the library.

2. Через шум я не міг почути, про що вони говорять.

A. The noise made impossible to hear what they were talking about.

B. The noise made it impossible hear what they were talking about.

C. The noise made it impossible for me to hear what they were talking about.

D. The noise made it impossible for me to hear what they are talking about.

Task 6. Translate into English.

1. Нам не потрібно перейматися, чи нас запросять на новосілля.

2. Я не міг збагнути, чому вона так рано пішла з вечірки.

Варіант 9

Task 1. Read and translate the text. Ask 5 questions to the text.

Statistics show that the incidence of heart disease is much higher among CC members than among other professional groups. A number of eminent cardiologists have been consulted indirectly and their opinions are almost identical. Several factors are believed to cause heart trouble among CC members. The main factor is the mental stress involved in the carrying out of professional duties. CC medical specialists are inclined to agree with that, but they have their own ideas about the nature of mental stress and strain. They contend that mental stress is caused by mental germs which attack the central nervous system. It is logical to suppose, they argue, that mental stress germs (called mental germs) could be killed by applying a suitable vaccine. Such a vaccine could be obtained from other fields of professional activity. Various professions have been carefully examined, but no mental germs of sufficiently destructive power have thus far been discovered. At present research work is being carried out in all the professional groups listed in the Encyclopedia Britannica. Extensive work is being done systematically. The professions are being examined in alphabetical order.

Task 2. Use the verbs in brackets in the required Tense Form.

1. When we (to get) to the end of this century, Tokyo will have a population over 15 million people.

2. When the bell rang this question still (to discuss).

Task 3. Find the mistake in the underlined positions and correct it.

1. There are very little onions left.

A B C D

2. Your native town is three times as bigger as mine.

A B C D

Task 4. Fill in the gaps with the correct form of the verb.

1. My parents make me _____ the piano for 2 hours every day.

a) play; b) to play; c) playing; d) played.

2. If there _____ a fire, it will be put out by robots.

a) is; b) are; c) will be; d) were.

Task 5. Choose the correct translation.

1. Він чекав, доки вона пояснить, чому вона так жорстоко його обманула.

A. He waited till she explained why she had deceived him so bitterly.

B. He waited till she would explain why she had deceived him so bitterly.

C. He waited till she had explained why she has deceived him so bitterly.

D. He had waited till she explained why she had deceived him so bitterly.

2. Не пригощайте мене морозивом, бо я можу застудити горло.

A. Don't treat me to any ice-cream, or I might have a sore throat.

B. Don't treat me to an ice-cream, because I will have a sore throat.

C. You mustn't treat me to any ice-cream, or I will have a sore throat.

D. You don't have to treat me to any ice-cream, so that I shouldn't have a sore throat.

Task 6. Translate into English.

1. Чи потрібні будуть людям дерева і зелене довкілля, якщо вони житимуть у XXI столітті у хмарочосах?

2. Вона запитала, коли я поверну борг.

Варіант 10

Task 1. Read and translate the text. Ask 5 questions to the text.

The Mental Health Subcommittee of the CC Psychological Department is meeting today in order to discuss the sensational discovery made by the experts examining various professions for mental germ concentration. The experts have discovered that members of three

professions show concentrations of mental germs comparable to that found in CC members. The professions are: business, psychiatry and philology. Experiments have shown that the philological variety is the most virulent one and that it contains a certain proportion of historical (some experts spell it: hysterical), philosophical and logical germs. Experts claim that dead philological germs if administered in the form of monotonous lectures would constitute a perfect vaccine against states of mental fatigue and stress encountered in CC patients. This kind of treatment, if applied consistently over prolonged periods of time, would eventually lead to a revolution in the therapeutic methods used in CC hospitals.

Task 2. Use the verbs in brackets in the required Tense Form.

1. We (*to think*) of going to Spain for our holidays. I'll let you know when we decide upon it.
2. Three pictures (*to steal*) from the National Gallery lately.
3. When the director asked her to play the lead she agreed though she didn't know anything about the play. I think if she (*read*) the play first he (*refuse*) the part.

Task 3. Find the mistake in the underlined positions and correct it.

1. We went to the pictures twice a week, and it only costed six pence.
A B C D
2. We used to going to the seaside every summer.
A B C D

Task 4. Fill in the gaps with the correct form of the verb.

1. I tried _____ the lecture but it was too difficult.
a) understand; b) would understand;
c) to understand; d) understanding.
2. As soon as I _____, I'll give you a ring.
a) arrive; b) arrived;
c) will arrive; d) would arrive;

Task 5. Choose the correct translation.

1. Дитина не почувалася б такою нещасливою, якби про неї дбали.
A. The child wouldn't feel so miserable if she were taken care of.
B. The child won't feel so miserable if someone took care of her.
C. The child wouldn't feel so miserable if she would be taken care of.
D. The child wouldn't feel so miserable if she took care of.

2. Він мусив підсунути ся ближче, щоб почути її.
A. He had to move closer to hear her.
B. He was to move closer to listen to her.
C. He might move closer to listen her.
D. He should move close to hear her.

Task 6. Translate into English.

1. Він запитав, чи магазин працює у вихідні.
2. Вам не доведеться витратити багато часу на оплату рахунків, якщо ви скористаєтесь кредитними картками.

Варіант 11

Task 1. Read and translate the text. Ask 5 questions to the text.

The Fog Horn (*an extract*)
by Ray Bradbury

(The action of *The Fog Horn* takes place in a lighthouse, somewhere on a rocky island off the coast of an unnamed country, in our time.)

The lighthouse and its fog horn are manned by Mr. Mc. Dunn, who has worked there for a number of years, and his assistant Johnny, a younger man, who is the narrator of the story. Johnny is due to go to the mainland the next day for a brief period of rest. It's November, the night is dark, the sea is dark, and the fog is getting thicker, as it usually does at the time year. Mc. Dunn, who seems worried, has just warned his companion that perhaps they should prepare themselves for some strange happening. The preceding year, at about this time and in the same kind of weather, Mc. Dunn had seen something in the ocean, something that circled the lighthouse as if looking at it. Mc. Dunn feels that the "something" might come again soon. The two men climb all the way to the top of the lighthouse, where the light and the horn are located. After a while, Mc. Dunn suddenly points outside: "something" is indeed swimming in the sea.

And here is the rest of the story as Bradbury tells it.

It was a cold night, as I have said; the high tower was cold, the light coming and going, and the Fog Horn calling and calling through the raveling mist. You couldn't see far and you couldn't see plain, but there was the deep sea moving on its way about the night earth, flat and quiet, the colour of grey mud, and here were the two of us alone in the high tower and there, far out at first, was a ripple, followed by a wave, a rising, a bubble, a bit of froth. And then, from the surface of the cold sea came a

head, a large head, dark-colored, with immense eyes, and then a neck. And then not a body — but more neck and more! The head rose a full forty feet above the water on a slender and beautiful dark neck. Only then did the body, like a little island of black coral and shells and crayfish, drip up from subterranean. There was a flicker of tail. In all, from head to tip of tail, I estimated the monster at ninety or a hundred feet. I don't know what I said. I said something.

Task 2. Put the verbs in brackets in the correct form. Conditional sentences.

1. Of course I'm not going to give her a diamond ring. If I (*give*) her a diamond ring she (*sell*) it.

2. If someone (*say*), "I'll give you \$500 to go into court and swear that this statement is true", what you (*do*)?

Task 3. Find the mistake and correct it. If there is no error, choose option 5.

1. The jewel was shown to the prospective buyer.
2. Her hair shown in the bright sunlight.
3. The sun shone brightly this morning.
4. I have never been shown how to use this machine.
5. No error.

Task 4. Fill in the gaps with the correct form of the verb.

1. ___ are words which have the same or similar meanings.
a) Articles; b) Synonyms; c) Syllables; d) Suffixes.
2. Could you ___ the tape recorder and turn it on.
a) rub out; b) look up; c) plug in.
3. '___patient' is the opposite of 'patient'.
a) il-; b) im-; c) in-.

Task 5. Choose the correct translation.

1. Я думаю поїхати до Лондона.
A. I think of going to London. B. I think to go to London.
C. I think to go in London. D. I think of going in London.
2. Він сказав, що приїде завтра.
A. He said that he would come tomorrow. B. He said that he will come tomorrow. C. He said that he shall come tomorrow.

Task 6. Translate into English.

1. Вона вже три роки на пенсії.
2. Скільки часу вона вже розмовляє по телефону?
3. Ми прочитали в газеті, що на цьому місці збудують новий готельний комплекс.

Вариант 12

Task 1. Read and translate the text. Ask 5 questions to the text.

(Dr. Cracks's opening address delivered at the 9th Annual Congress of the CC Economists.)

“Mr. Chairman, ladies and gentlemen, I have the honour and the privilege to open this Congress at a time when everyone can say truthfully: ‘Never in history has Britain and indeed the whole world been more prosperous or happier than it is now’. But not everyone knows that this common truth has become a reality thanks to the efforts of the CC. Where would the world be today without CC planners? What would it do with the surplus currency reserves? How would the governments manage to survive without the stimuli provided by our striking units? Who in the whole world would care even to look at the daily papers if we did not continuously supply them with thrilling news? The radio and television would go bankrupt were it not for our efforts. The magnificent edifice of human culture would crumble and fall and the world would become a gigantic pool of placid boredom instead of what it is today. The flower of culture, ladies and gentlemen, grows on the soil of sound economy. And it is you who cultivate this soil. Without your creative contribution world economy would become barren and we should be deprived of its fruits. Without your work we would never be able to achieve and maintain the present-day living standards. We could never be what we are today. We might even have to seek employment outside the CC. We would be destitute both spiritually and materially.

On behalf of the CC I wish you, ladies and gentlemen, fruitful and successful debates.

Task 2. Put the verbs in brackets in the correct form. Conditional sentences.

1. If we (*work*) all night we (*finish*) in time; but we have no intention of working all night.
2. You must never blow out a gas light. Do you know what (*happen*) if you (*blow*) a gas light?

Task 3. Find the mistake and correct it. If there is no error, choose option 5.

1. I would like you to cite at least three examples.
2. Her husband was cited for contempt.
3. For that sight, we're planning a municipal parking lot.

4. When the bridge is within your sight, start looking for our street.
5. No error.

Task 4. Fill in the gaps with the correct form of the verb.

1. ___ is the tax you pay on money that you earn.
a) Salary tax; b) Capital tax; c) Employment tax; d) Income tax.
2. She speaks English fluently, but she has a ___ accent.
a) strong; b) big; c) heavy.
3. Did you have any help or did you do it ___ your own?
a) by; b) for; c) on.

Task 5. Choose the correct translation.

1. Він впевнений в успіху.
A. He is sure for success. B. He is sure at success.
C. He is sure of success. D. He is sure in success.
2. Годинник пробив.
A. The clock has struck. B. The clock struck. C. The clock is struck.

Task 6. Translate into English.

1. Дітям наказали гратися тихо.
2. Якби в мене були гроші, я б купила багато гарного одягу.
3. Ви б вирощували овочі, якби ви жили у селі?
4. Мене спитали, де знаходиться квартирне агентство?

Варіант 13

Task 1. Read and translate the text. Ask 5 questions to the text.

Alice Elliott is at present specializing in the field of applied sociology known as normative secular (as opposed to religious) ethics. Her work consists mainly in formulating prescriptive statements as to what the average, socially well-integrated individual ought to do when he or she is faced with the necessity of making a choice between two/or more than two/lines of action. Although she concentrates on what the average person ought to do, she does not neglect the related disciplines which deal with what one may or may not, must or must not, do under certain circumstances. Alice, for whom life is a great adventure, is first of all interested in real life situations well set in the social and psychological context of the epoch. For example, a married man brought up in the atmosphere of the full acceptance of monogamy suddenly becomes emotionally involved with two women who are not his wives. The two eruptions of feeling occur simultaneously. What ought he to do? Ought he to get divorced? If so, which of the two women ought he to marry if his

emotion is in both cases reciprocated? Ought he perhaps to try and forget both or ought he to emigrate to a country where polygamy is customary? Another example, an honest man who has a well paid job suddenly realizes that his boss is mentally retarded or that his employer is rather unintelligent. What ought the honest man to do? Ought he to desert his poor superior (or employer as the case may be) or ought he to try and help him? Ought he to pretend that he has noticed nothing or ought he to be absolutely frank? Alice has accepted a number of principles, which she treats as axioms in formulating her ethical theories and in working out solutions to real life situations. Here are some of the axioms:

One ought to be true to oneself. One ought to try to lead an interesting life. One ought to develop an interesting personality. One ought not to waste one's time. One ought to have the courage to change one's mind.

Task 2. Put the verbs in brackets in the correct form. Conditional sentences.

1. A. — All your clothes are years out of date. Why don't you throw them away?

B. — Don't be ridiculous! If I (*throw*) my clothes away I (*have*) to ask my husband for \$1,000 to buy new ones.

2. A. — If you (*ask*) him for \$1,000 what he (*say*)?

Task 3. Find the mistake and correct it. If there is no error, choose option 5.

1. Since the development of the tape recorder, Braille is no longer the sole method of communicating fine literature to sightless people.

2. Lemon sole is one of the many varieties of fish that can enhance a meatless diet.

3. Sole music is very popular among people of all ages.

4. The concept of the soul does not have the same meaning in all religions.

5. No error.

Task 4. Fill in the gaps with the correct form of the verb.

1. As well as _____ the flute, she's a superb pianist.

a) she plays; b) playing.

2. There's a huge _____ between the two accounts.

a) world; b) gap; c) discrepancy.

3. The strikes were _____ by recent job cuts.

a) stemmed from; b) sparked off; c) resulted in; d) arisen.

Task 5. Choose the correct translation.

1. Я напишу йому завтра.

A. I shall write him tomorrow. B. I shall write to him tomorrow. C. I shall write for him tomorrow.

2. Він був злий і розірвав листа.

A. He was angry and tore the letter. B. He was angry and tore up the letter. C. He was angry and tore down the letter.

Task 6. Translate into English.

1. Хто зустрів вас на вокзалі?

2. Ви коли-небудь бачили схід сонця в горах?

3. Я чекаю на тебе вже півгодини.

4. Коли вони повернулися з театру, діти вже спали.

5. Якби ви прийшли о сьомій годині, ми б усе обговорили.

Варіант 14

Task 1. Read and translate the text. Ask 5 questions to the text.

(Dr. Searchie, a CC psychiatrist, gives a talk on the importance of self-knowledge in medicine.)

Today I'm going to talk to you about self-knowledge as an important factor in treating complaints of a psychosomatic nature. My contention is that one ought to examine oneself before one goes to consult a physician. By self-examination I do not of course mean any kind of routine medical examination in the ordinary sense of the word. I mean a purely psychological process. The patient should look at himself or herself critically and try to see himself or herself as he or she really is. As a general rule people have too many illusions about themselves and they are inclined to like or dislike themselves too much. Being unable to get a realistic picture of themselves, they develop most acute and troublesome symptoms of a psychosomatic and functional nature. The cure is as simple, or as complicated if you prefer, as the truth which has to be faced. We must have the courage to find fault with ourselves or to get rid of a false feeling of guilt as the case may be. We must not feel too pleased or too displeased with ourselves. One must never go too far. A psychoanalyst once asked a young woman: "How do you manage to like yourself so much? Have you ever had a close look at yourself in a good mirror?" The young woman went home, sat in front of a mirror for twelve hours, then took an overdose of sleeping tablets and almost killed herself. When I say that you must try and see yourselves as

you really are, ladies and gentlemen, I do not mean that you should blame yourselves to the point of self-annihilation or praise yourselves to the point of being ridiculous. Only through constructive and carefully applied self-analysis can one rid oneself of one's complexes and neuroses and gain genuine and permanent self-respect. I can offer you, ladies and gentlemen, material, and I believe conclusive evidence, to support my contention. I can present myself as an example. I have carried out a number of experiments on myself. I was a sick man, ladies and gentlemen, and I have managed to cure myself. Today I'm able to say honestly to myself and to you: "I know that I know nothing. And yet, as you see, I have the necessary energy and the courage to give public lectures".

Task 2. Put the verbs in brackets in the correct form. Conditional sentences.

1. If someone (ring) my door at 3 a. m. I (*be*) very unwilling to open the door.
2. If I (*see*) a python in Piccadilly I (*assume*) it had escaped from the circus.

Task 3. Find the mistake and correct it. If there is no error, choose option 5.

1. Napoleon had a great deal at steak when he decided to invade Russia.
2. Finally, William hammered the last stake into the ground.
3. I would enjoy a steak dinner tonight.
4. Sue was upset because her job was at stake.
5. No error.

Task 4. Fill in the gaps with the correct variant.

1. It's not fair to blame Jack. ____ he was only doing what he was told.
a) At the end of the day; b) Still; c) Hang on.
2. The company will have its ____ in the centre of town.
a) whereabouts; b) foundations; c) headquarters; d) authorities.
3. She was very badly stung. She was attacked by a ____ of wasps.
a) shoal; b) swarm; c) herd; d) flock.

Task 5. Choose the correct translation.

1. Він також не прийшов.
A. He has not come either. B. He has not come too. C. He has not come also.

2. Він дав мені дуже слухні поради.

- A. He gave me some good advice. B. He gave me some good advices.
C. He gave me some good soviet. D. He gave me some good councils.

Task 6. Translate into English.

1. Мені пояснили, що рахунки за електрику та газ зараховані до орендної плати.
2. Ми підемо за покупками, коли магазини наповняться подарунками до Різдва.
3. Якби вона зателефонувала мені, я б пробачила їй.

Варіант 15

Task 1. Read and translate the text. Ask 5 questions to the text.

Doctors say that great ambition is usually accompanied by increased worry. The combination of these two factors often results in states of acute nervous tension which not infrequently leads to heart trouble and stomach ulcers. That probably accounts for the high incidence of heart disease among professional groups whose work involves more than the usual stress and strain caused by exaggerated ambition and worry. Mr. Baxter is a typical example of an over-ambitious and worried executive. He is always afraid that something unforeseen and rather unpleasant may happen to him. He is insured against major misfortunes such as death, bodily injury, burglary and theft, but there is always a possibility that something else may go wrong. For example his stocks and shares might go down in value on the Stock Exchange. He might suffer serious non-bodily harm such as a broken heart against which he is not insured. He might unwittingly say a wrong word to an important person or antagonize an influential friend and never be able to win his friendship back. He might even lose his self-respect or risk his reputation as a successful man. Anything may happen! Mr. Jones might win from the pools and buy a luxury yacht or take a trip round the world and thus leave Mr. Baxter a long way behind in the competition for success in life. And Mr. Baxter might not be able to impress his own wife, if he had a wife, any longer. Hundreds of unforeseen things may happen and although it is impossible for Mr. Baxter to visualize them all, he cannot get rid of the vague feeling of impending disaster.

Task 2. Put the verbs in brackets in the correct form. Conditional sentences.

1. a) The plane was on fire so we baled out.
b) I don't think I (*have*) the nerve to do that even if the plane (*be*) on fire.

2. We train the children to file out of the classroom quietly in an orderly way, because if a whole class (*rush*) at the door someone (*get*) hurt.

Task 3. Find the mistake and correct it. If there is no error, choose option 5.

1. Please, remain stationary while I draw your picture.
2. Irene wrote the letter on the finest stationary.
3. I believe you can buy staples at the stationary store.
4. This appliance cannot be moved; it is stationary.
5. No error.

Task 4. Fill in the gaps with the correct word.

1. I didn't do a(n) _____ of work this morning.
a) stroke; b) article; c) spell.
2. After a few days it warmed up and the snow turned to _____ in the streets.
a) dizzle; b) slush; c) drizzle.
3. I wouldn't say she was smart. She seems quite _____ to me.
a) well-dressed; b) elegant; c) scruffy; d) stocky.
4. 'Shrewd' is an antonym of '_____'.
a) daft; b) gregarious; c) arrogant; d) discourteous.

Task 5. Choose the correct translation.

1. Він провалився на екзамені.
A. He failed from the exam. B. He failed the exam. C. He failed on the exam. D. He failed in the exam.
2. Будь ласка, нагадай мені, щоб я повернув цю річ.
A. Please remember me to give it back. B. Please remind me to give it back. C. Please recall me to give it back.

Task 6. Translate into English.

1. Квартиродавець повідомила нам, що поміняла килимове покриття в усіх кімнатах.
2. Якби я мав можливість позичити гроші, я б, можливо, добудував дім.
3. Раніше вона не займалася верховою їздою, а зараз збирається.
4. Ким був розроблений дизайн автомобіля "Фольксваген Бітл"?

Варіант 16

Task 1. Read and translate the text. Ask 5 questions to the text.

Mr. Peter Snop has come to the conclusion that it would be interesting to make a film. If he made a film, he would broaden the scope of his

creative potentialities, he would show to the world that he was a really versatile genius. The only serious obstacle is the problem of finding a suitable subject for the film. Peter is a keen cinema goer and he likes films about film directors. In one such film the film director was very much like Peter. He wanted to make a very good film, but he could not. He tried hard to make one, but he could not. That was why he had made a highly intellectual film about his inability to make a good film. Peter thinks that he could do the same. But if he did, spiteful people would say that the idea was not original. And Peter would hate to be called unoriginal. That is why he is at present considering the possibility of making a film about a famous pop-singer who wants to sing much better than he does, but he cannot, Alice Elliott says that a film like that would reflect the fundamental dilemma of modern man.

Alice maintains that the dilemma consists in being unable to do what one wants to do. Peter says that if he made a film, he would try to show that a pop-singer is also a human being, that he or she usually prefers to be happy rather than to be unhappy. He would show that the average pop-singer may feel frustrated and that a great pop-singer might feel greatly frustrated.

Task 2. Put the verbs in brackets in the correct form. Conditional sentences.

1. – Why don't you buy a season ticket? – Because I lose everything. If I (*buy*) a season ticket I (*lose*) it.
2. – Why don't you bring your car to work? If I (*have*) a car I (*bring*) it to work.

Task 3. Find the mistake and correct it. If there is no error, choose option 5.

1. Kate attended a conference there.
2. There is the book I've been waiting to read.
3. Their's is a truly open relationship.
4. I have never been to their summer home.
5. No error.

Task 4. Fill in the gaps with the correct word to complete the phrasal verb.

1. You promised you would do it. Why did you go _____ on your word?
2. A great cheer *went* _____ from the crowd as the match ended.

Task 5. Choose the correct translation.

1. Тепер він знайшов роботу в банку.

- A. He now found a work at the bank. B. He now found work at the bank.
C. He now found work in a bank.

2. Він говорить так, ніби все знає.

- A. He talks as if he is knowing everything. B. He talks as if he is knows everything. C. He talks as if he is knew everything. D. He talks as if he is known everything.

Task 6. Translate into English.

1. Як часто приносять пошту у вашому місті?

2. Я попросила дозволити мені піти на концерт у п'ятницю.

3. Він запропонував подарувати їй книгу кулінарних рецептів.

4. Коли був знесений Берлінський мур?

Варіант 17

Task 1. Read and translate the text. Ask 5 questions to the text.

The Fog Horn (an extract)

by Ray Bradbury

The ensuing minute of silence was so intense that we could hear our hearts pounding in the glassed area of the tower, could hear the slow greased turn of the light.

The monster stopped and froze. Its great lantern eyes blinked. Its mouth gaped. It gave a sort of rumble, like a volcano. It twitched its head this way and that, as if to seek the sound now dwindled off into the fog. It peered at the lighthouse. It rumbled again. Then its eyes caught fire. It reared up, threshed the water, and rushed at the tower, its eyes filled with angry torment.

“Mc. Dunn?” I cried. “Switch on the horn!”

Mc. Dunn fumbled with the switch. But even as he flicked it on, the monster was rearing up. I had a glimpse of its gigantic paws, fishskin glittering in webs between the fingerlike projections, clawing at die tower. The huge eye on the right side of its anguished head glittered before me like a cauldron into which I might drop, screaming. The tower shook. The Fog Horn cried; the monster cried. It seized the tower and gnashed at the glass, which shattered upon us.

Mc. Dunn seized my arm. “Downstairs!”

The tower rocked, trembled, and started to give. The Fog Horn and the monster roared. We stumbled and half fell down the stairs. “Quick!”

We reached the bottom as the tower buckled down toward us. We ducked under the stairs into the small stone cellar. There were a thousand

concussions as the rocks rained down; the Fog Horn stopped abruptly. The monster crashed upon the tower. The tower fell. We knelt together, Mc. Dunn and I, holding tight, while our world exploded.

Then it was over, and there was nothing but darkness and the wash of the sea on the raw stones.

Task 2. Put the verbs in brackets in the correct form. Conditional sentences.

1. They get \$150 a week. They can't get \$150 a week. If they (*do*) they (*not be*) striking for \$120.

2. George is fourteen. He must be older than that. He's in a full-time job. If he (*be*) only fourteen he still (*be*) at school.

Task 3. Find the mistake and correct it. If there is no error, choose option 5.

1. Those two stairs make this house bi-level.

2. Hers was hardly a friendly stair.

3. We've already swept the stairs today.

4. Don't stare at me!

5. No error.

Task 4. Fill in the gaps with the correct word to complete the phrasal verb.

1. His business *has gone* _____, and he has lost everything.

2. The police found the bomb only five minutes before it was set *to go* _____.

Task 5. Choose the correct translation.

1. Скаржаться на спеку.

A. They complain for the heat. B. They complain to the heat. C. They complain at the heat. D. They complain on the heat. E. They complain of the heat.

2. Він сховався за дерево.

A. He hid against a tree. B. He hid behind a tree. C. He hid behind of a tree.

Task 6. Translate into English.

1. Нам не потрібно перейматися, чи запросять нас на новосілля.

2. Я не міг зрозуміти, чому вона так рано пішла з вечірки.

3. Чи потрібні будуть людям дерева і зелене довкілля, якщо вони житимуть в хмарочосах у XXI столітті?

4. Вона запитала, коли я поверну борг.

Вариант 18

Task 1. Read and translate the text. Ask 5 questions to the text.

Peter Snop has become almost completely bald and rather fat. The change has been so rapid that a certain number of Snop-fans still cannot recover from the shock. Two days ago Peter Snop gave a press conference at which he explained that he had deliberately changed his appearance so as not to conform to the prevailing and generally accepted standards. He said he was going to get rid of every single hair left on his head. He declared that he would not feel really happy until the last vestige of the old fashions had disappeared from the surface of his cranium. He added that the time had come when it was necessary to look and feel more serious. He declared he would do everything in his power to further increase the mass of his body. He said he hoped that others would follow his example. Mr. Snop assured the reporters that he would never accept any compromise solutions and would always insist on the importance of looking serious (i. e. hairless and corpulent). Mr. Snop's inflexible unconventionally won him the nickname of the Angry Young Rebel. It also started the Angry Young Rebel's style. Its two striking characteristics are a hairless skull and a corpulent or even obese figure. Effective hair removers in the form of lotions as well as inflatable figure enlargers of various sizes have appeared on the market.

Task 2. Put the verbs in brackets in the correct form. Conditional sentences.

1. — He is staying at the Savoy in London. — Is he very rich? — I suppose he is. If he (*be*) a poor man he (*not stay*) at the Savoy.
2. If I (*have*) heaps of money I (*drink*) champagne with every meal.

Task 3. Find the mistake and correct it. If there is no error, choose option 5.

1. I think it's time that he buys a new suite of furniture.
2. We've already eaten our portion of sweets for this day.
3. The visiting lecture's hotel suite was paid for by the university.
4. Don't make the chocolate pudding overly sweet.
5. No error.

Task 4. Fill in the gaps with the correct word to complete the phrasal verb.

1. The study guide explains how *to go* _____ writing an essay.
2. I'm happy *to go* _____ what he said. I think we all agree with him.

Task 5. Choose the correct translation.

1. Ти повинен був приїхати вчора.

- A. You ought to have come yesterday. B. You was to come yesterday.
C. You ought to have come yesterday. D. You must to come yesterday.

2. Це йде всупереч нашим інтересам.

- A. It is adverse in our interests. B. It is adverse to our interests.
C. It is adverse for our interests. D. It is adverse of our interests.

Task 6. Translate into English.

1. Він запитав, чи магазин працює у вихідні?

2. Вам не доведеться витратити багато часу на оплату рахунків, якщо ви скористаєтеся кредитними картками.

3. Якби я добре її знав, я зателефонував би їй додому.

4. Якби Сміти мене запросили, я пішов би на вчорашню вечірку.

Варіант 19

Task 1. Read and translate the text. Ask 5 questions to the text.

Peter Snop has been rather worried lately. His long and wavy hair has been getting rather thin on top. He has been trying to stop the process by using certain lotions called hair tonics, but without much success so far. What will happen when he becomes bald? Will he still manage to look attractive when his hair is gone? Will he still manage to look young? If he no longer looks youthful, it will be a real tragedy. Not to look young is not to be young and not to be young means that one is not in the privileged social group. It is true that if the worst comes to the worst, he can always start wearing a wig, but that idea is somehow rather unpleasant to Peter. Besides, there is one other thing that worries him. He has been growing rather stout lately. He has never suffered from lack of appetite and he has always found it difficult, if not impossible, to refuse himself the pleasure of good eating. But what will happen if he gets really fat? Won't he look much too old? The appalling possibility of looking older than is accepted among young people has become an obsession with Peter. He has been suffering from fits of acute depression. Yesterday during one of such fits he told Alice Elliott that he was going to commit suicide. He said that he was going to jump from Westminster Bridge into the Thames next Friday.

Task 2. Put the verbs in brackets in the correct form. Conditional sentences.

1. If I (*have*) heaps of money I (*drink*) champagne with every meal.

2. If you (*drink*) champagne with every meal you soon (*get*) tired of it.

Task 3. Find the mistake and correct it. If there is no error, choose option 5.

1. The boat was taken in toe after it's motor failed.
2. We were toed all the way to the shore.
3. At the football game we had a bad case of frozen toes.
4. When you go beyond your own authority, you must step on somebody's toes.
5. No error.

Task 4. Fill in the gaps with the correct word to complete the phrasal verb.

1. Are you planning *to go* _____ this summer? We are going to Greece for two weeks.
2. He ran out of the shop without paying, but the shopkeeper *went* _____ him and caught him at the end of the road.

Task 5. Choose the correct translation.

1. Книга містить п'ять глав.
A. The book comprises in five chapters. B. The book comprises five chapters. C. The book comprises of five chapters.
2. Нью-Йорк далі від Лондона.
A. New York is more distant than London. B. New York is further than London. C. New York is farther than London. D. New York is farer than London.

Task 6. Translate into English.

1. Ти не будеш таким товстим за умови, що ти будеш менше їсти.
2. Майк із друзями пішли б минулої неділі у театр, якби не було дощу.
3. Він запитав мене, чи я палю.
4. Я був впевнений у тому, що його направлять на конференцію.
5. Лінда запитала мене, хто керує цим закладом.

Варіант 20

Task 1. Read and translate the text. Ask 5 questions to the text.

Mr. Baxter is a man of illimitable ambition. As is usual in such circumstances, he is hardly aware of the fact. He has always only one objective in mind — only one at a time. He assumes that when he has attained it, he will relax and enjoy life. What he does not realize is that each objective is but a link in a very long, if not interminable, chain.

At present he wants to have a better car than his neighbour Mr. Jones has. When he has bought the car, he will want to have a better carpet in the sitting room. When he has satisfied that desire, he will perhaps start thinking of becoming famous, and so on and so on. One day when he fails to get what he wants or what he thinks that he wants, he will probably get a heart attack and die. But will he manage to die before Mr. Jones dies? Who knows? No one will know until it actually happens and when it does happen everyone will be too sorry for Mr. Baxter even to think of Mr. Jones. But if Mr. Jones happens to die first, he will make Mr. Baxter look very insignificant indeed. Mr. Baxter has good reason to feel worried.

Task 2. Put the verbs in brackets in the correct form. Conditional sentences.

1. Prime Minister on golf course: – I'm not at all worried about the situation. If I (*be*) worried I not (*play*) at this moment.
2. – But I don't want to buy an elephant! – I know that. But where you (*go*) if you (*do*) want to buy one?

Task 3. Find the mistake and correct it. If there is no error, choose option 5.

1. The damage has all ready been done.
2. Father was altogether too surprised to speak.
3. Events have borne out my prediction.
4. Perry is an altar boy at Queen of Peace Church.
5. No error.

Task 4. The following sentence has an error in word usage.

Chose the one best answer that would result in the correct writing of the sentence.

The guide led us on a straight ascent up through the woods and to a lovely veil.

What corrections should be made to this sentence?

1. replace *led* with *lead*
2. replace *straight* with *strait*
3. replace *ascent* with *assent*
4. replace *through* with *threw*
5. replace *veil* with *vale*

Task 5. Choose the correct translation.

1. Ми не змогли умовити його пограти.
A. We could not persuade him to play. B. We could not convince him to play. C. We could not persuade him play. D. We could not convince him play.

2. Привітайте мене з підвищенням.

A. Congratulate me for my promotion. B. Congratulate me with my promotion. C. Congratulate me on my promotion. D. Congratulate me at my promotion.

Task 6. Translate into English.

1. Рахунок треба сплатити до кінця місяця.

2. На виборах більшість виборців підтримала мера.

3. Я чув, як Мері домовлялася про свою подорож.

4. Мені було б дуже зручно, якби ви погодилися перенести зустріч на наступний вівторок.

Варіант 21

Task 1. Read and translate the text. Ask 5 questions to the text.

Three distinguished looking men came to see Mr. Baxter in his office the day before yesterday. They booked three seats on the first British passenger moon rocket. They paid thirty thousand pounds in cash. The men were CC officials, but for obvious reasons they did not disclose their positions and gave fictitious names. The tickets are transferable to other persons.

The first British passenger moon rocket will take off at 6 p. m. G. M. T. on April 1, 1999. Three members of the CC Lunar Reserve will be on board. If the members appointed to carry out the task die before the launching of the rocket, or if they are otherwise prevented from traveling, three alternative functionaries will go in their place. A detailed programme for the First CC Lunar Expedition has been worked out. The first three officials, called burglonauts, will carry out a number of experiments. They will break into a safe on board the rocket. In the event of there being no safe, they will break into something else. On arrival they will deceive the Customs officers. In case there are no Customs officers, they will deceive someone else. They will rob the Central Moon Bank. In the event of there being no Central Moon Bank, they will rob the Central Moon Post Office. If there is no Central Moon Post Office, they will burgle an ordinary post office or an ordinary bank. The burglonauts will maintain uninterrupted radio communication with the CC Headquarters in London. In case effective radio communication with the CC station in London proves difficult, the burglonauts will break into a non-CC transmission center and operate from there. In case the first three lunar burglonauts are prevented from carrying out their duties, reinforcements will be flown in immediately.

Task 2. Put the verbs in brackets in the correct form. Conditional sentences.

1. — Why don't you get a cat? If you (*keep*) a cat the mice (*not run*) about everywhere.

2. — What time of the year do you think it is in the picture? Summer? — No, it must be winter. If it (*be*) summer the people (*not sit*) round that big fire.

Task 3. Find the mistake and correct it. If there is no error, choose option 5.

1. The family was all together for the annual picnic.

2. Terry's mother cautioned, "If you break a window, you will have to pay for it".

3. Paris is the capital of France.

4. My mother was borne in Canada.

5. No error.

Task 4. Fill in the gaps with the correct word to complete the phrasal verb.

1. Sandra and David *have been going* _____ for about six months.

2. He *has gone* _____ flu and has to stay in bed for a few days.

Task 5. Choose the correct translation.

1. Він сказав, що прийде завтра.

A. He said that he would come tomorrow. B. He said that he will come tomorrow. C. He said that he shall come tomorrow.

2. Він упевнений в успіху.

A. He is sure for success. B. He is sure at success.

C. He is sure of success. D. He is sure in success.

Task 6. Translate into English.

1. Ми сподіваємось, що проблему буде вирішено найближчим часом.

2. Не слід було втрачати таку прекрасну можливість.

3. Ми їхали майже дві години, коли зрозуміли, що їдемо у протилежному напрямку.

4. Мені здається, вам потрібно отримати консультацію у юриста.

Варіант 22

Task 1. Read and translate the text. Ask 5 questions to the text.

The CC Economic Prognostication Department has evolved a highly objective and strictly scientific approach to the problems of prediction.

The element of certainty or near certainty has replaced the antiquated and not very reliable element of probability. Close cooperation with the Retrospect Analysis Department and extensive use of electronic computers have enabled the Prognostication Department to attain an unprecedented degree of exactitude. The CC leaders do not have to make or keep any promises regarding the economic future of the Organization and its members. All they have to do is press the right button and relevant information becomes available. The Prognostication Department has recently released data concerning the economic situation of the CC and its members in the year 2001. The data are fairly optimistic. The CC will be controlling 45 per cent of the world's distribution of financial means. The Organization will be operating on a large scale on land, at sea, in outer space and in the depths of the oceans. CC members will be working in space ships, on the moon, in nuclear-powered underwater laboratories, in international banks and in other international organizations and they will be receiving relatively high salaries. They will be earning enough to live in luxury. Every CC member will be carrying a transistorized electronic computer in his pocket. This will give him a permanent advantage over the non-CC environment in the field of cogitation and decision making. Every CC member will be living a life free from hardship and anxiety in cheerful conformity with the rules and spirit of the Organization.

Task 2. Put the verbs in brackets in the correct form.

1. I was supposed to take a test yesterday, but I (*admit, not*) _____ into the testing room because the examination (*begin, already*) _____.
2. According to a recent survey, out of every dollar an American spends on food, thirty-six cents (*spend*) _____ at restaurants.

Task 3. Find the mistake and correct it. If there is no error, choose option 5.

1. Was his work all right?
2. I use old shirts for cleaning cloths.
3. The dome on the capital is lighted each night.
4. Everyone was wearing his best clothes.
5. No error.

Task 4. Fill in the gaps with the correct form of the verb.

1. It's noon. The mail should be here soon. It (*deliver, usually*) _____ sometime between noon and one o'clock.

2. Only five of us (*work*) _____ in the laboratory yesterday when the explosion (*occur*) _____. Luckily, no one (*hurt*) _____.

Task 5. Choose the correct translation.

1. Він звик підніматися рано.

A. He is used to getting up early. B. He is used to getting up early.

C. He is used of getting up early. D. He is used to get up early.

2. Учора я бачив хороший фільм.

A. I was seeing a good film yesterday. B. I have seen a good film yesterday. C. I saw a good film yesterday.

Task 6. Translate into English.

1. Ви повинні врегулювати це питання якомога швидше.

2. Навіщо ви так поспішали? Вам потрібно було порадитись з фахівцем.

3. Старе обладнання поступово замінили на сучасніше.

4. Звичайно, я допоміг би вам врегулювати це питання, якби це залежало від мене.

Варіант 23

Task 1. Read and translate the text. Ask 5 questions to the text.

Yesterday was Mr. Crooksberry's 49th birthday. The day before yesterday a lorry was held up by a group of masked individuals. A metal case containing seventeenth century gold coins was transferred from the lorry to a private station wagon driven by a masked man. The attackers drove away in four cars. The police found tracks of four unidentified, German made cars. The hold-up operation was carried out by the Seventh Striking Unit of the CC. The night before the hold-up the seventeenth century gold coins, worth half a million pounds, had been recovered from a shipwreck two miles off the northern coast of Britain. The ship had been sunk during the English Civil War in the seventeenth century. The location and finding of the wreck had been made possible thanks to the cooperation of the famous philologist Professor Paul Potter. While doing some research work, the Professor had come across a seventeenth century manuscript of minor philological importance. The manuscript contained information about the ship laden with gold coins. The salvage operation at a depth of 100 fathoms had been carried out in secret by a team of Navy deep-sea divers. The coins were being transported to an Edinburgh Museum when the hold-up occurred.

Yesterday evening a party was given at the CC Headquarters in London to mark the 49th birthday of Mr. Crooksberry and the tenth anniversary of the foundation of the CC. Mr. Crooksberry was presented with a huge metal box containing seventeenth century gold coins. Mr. Crooksberry is a keen numismatist. Collecting gold coins of all kinds is one of his hobbies.

Task 2. Use the verbs in brackets in the required Tense Form.

1. I'm sorry I'm late. I (*hold up*) _____ by the rush hour traffic. It (*take*) _____ thirty minutes for me to get here instead of fifteen.

2. Before she graduated last May, Susan (*offer, already*) _____ a position with a law firm.

Task 3. Find the mistake and correct it. If there is no error, choose option 5.

1. I applied the brakes immediately.

2. Cars are borne across the river on a ferry.

3. Are you feeling all right?

4. When you are all ready, I will pick you up

5. No error.

Task 4. Fill in the gaps with the correct form of the verb.

1. According to many scientists, solar energy (*use*) _____ extensively in the twenty-first century.

2. I (*study*) _____ English here for the last two months. My English (*get*) _____ better, but I still find it difficult to understand lectures.

Task 5. Choose the correct translation.

1. Його було амністовано.

A. He was amnestied.

B. He was granted amnesty.

C. He was declared to amnesty.

D. He was granted of amnesty.

2. Я напишу йому завтра.

A. I shall write to him tomorrow.

B. I shall write him tomorrow.

C. I shall write for him tomorrow.

Task 6. Translate into English.

1. Коли у вас буде комп'ютер, вам не доведеться марнувати стільки часу.

2. Не слід було сваритись. Можна було вирішити справу мирним шляхом.

3. Ви вже зробили фотографію для закордонного паспорта?

4. Яку б кімнату ви не вибрали, ви будете почуватися в ній дуже комфортно.

Variation 24

Task 1. Read and translate the text. Ask 5 questions to the text.

It was a dark November night. Heavy clouds were drifting slowly over Brighton. It was raining. A luxury villa on the coast stood dark and silent. Nothing seemed to indicate that work was being done inside. Nothing seemed to suggest that great works of art were being created on a mass scale behind the closely drawn blinds. The upper part of the villa formed a large and brightly illuminated studio. Abstract paintings of various kinds and designs were hanging on the walls, drying. There were pieces of canvas of various sizes stretched on the floor. The canvases were being subjected to the process of mass creation. A tall bearded man was pouring various paints on to the canvases which were being used as a playing ground for twelve Siamese cats. The cats were joyfully running about, leaving innumerable and multi-coloured imprints of their tiny feet on the canvases. The bearded man was smiling absently.

It was a cloudless July night. A full moon was shining over Brighton. A luxury villa on the coast stood dark and silent. Nothing seemed to indicate that it was brightly illuminated inside. The blinds fitted perfectly and they were drawn so that no lights were showing outside. Half of the villa formed a large room which gave the impression of being a modern conference hall. Maps of various kinds were hanging on the walls. There was a long table in the middle of the room with comfortable-looking chairs round it. Nineteen men were sitting at the table. They were wearing dinner jackets. Narrow black masks were covering their eyes and part of their foreheads and cheeks. Their mouths were not covered, but no one was talking. They were sitting in silence, looking at the door: It was clear that they were waiting for something or someone... On the stroke of midnight a man entered. He was wearing a black tailcoat and no mask. Big, horn-rimmed dark glasses were covering a large part of his face. His large protruding nose looked as false as his flowing red beard. His long silver hair was too thick to be true. Mr. Crooksberry, for it was he, took the empty seat at the head of the table and the 28th Emergency Meeting of the CC Supervisory Commission began.

Task 2. Use the verbs in brackets in the required Tense Form.

1. Right now a student trip to the planetarium (*organize*) _____ by Mr. Hunt. You can sign up for it at her office.

2. He is a man whose name will go down in history. He (*forget, never*) _____.

Task 3. Find the mistake and correct it. If there is no error, choose option 5.

1. George is considered an imminent member of Congress.
2. The duke was received formally at the ambassador's home.
3. Out of difference to her loss, we did not resume the music.
4. We could hear a vigorous discussion of current problems.
5. No error.

Task 4. Fill in the gaps with the correct form of the verb.

1. When you (*arrive*) _____ at the airport tomorrow, you (*meet*) _____ by a friend of mine. He (*wear*) _____ a red shirt and blue jeans. He (*be*) _____ fairly tall and (*have*) _____ dark hair. He (*stand*) _____ near the main entrance. I'm sure you will be able to find him.

2. A: Yesterday (*be*) _____ a terrible day. B: What (*happen*) _____ ? A: First, I (*flunk*) _____ a test, or at least I think I did. Then I (*drop*) _____ my books while I (*walk*) _____ across campus and they (*fall*) _____ into a mud puddle. And finally, my bicycle (*steal*) _____. B: You should have stayed in bed.

Task 5. Choose the correct translation.

1. Ти був на занятті?

A. Did you attend the class? B. Did you listen to the lesson? C. Did you follow the lesson?

2. Він пишається своєю роботою.

A. He takes pride of his work. B. He takes pride from his work. C. He takes pride with his work. D. He takes pride in his work.

Task 6. Translate into English.

1. Ми настільки захопилися бесідою, що ніхто не помітив, як директор увійшов до кімнати.

2. Ми можемо не поспішати. У нас ще багато часу.

3. Слід було замовити квитки вчасно. Зараз уже пізно.

4. Я їду до майстерні. Треба полагодити мій годинник.

Варіант 25

Task 1. Read and translate the text. Ask 5 questions to the text.

Last Friday evening Dr. Frederick Cracks, a CC expert on space exploration, gave a lecture on the possibilities of future CC activities on the moon. Here is an excerpt from his lecture:

“Mr. Chairman, ladies and gentlemen. I consider it a great honor and privilege to be able to address you here tonight. I am going to talk to you about the prospects of our work on the moon. I shall first try to give you

a brief description of the physical aspects of the lunar operational field. On the moon a man will weigh about six times less than he does here on the earth. This will enable him to jump to a height of eighteen feet above the lunar surface without much effort. He will also be able to move very fast over the ground. His movement will assume the form of leaping strides of up to forty feet in length. As the surface of the moon is curved almost four times as much as that of the earth, it will be possible for a man moving over a perfectly flat area to disappear below the lunar horizon within five minutes”.

“I shall now consider some of the practical implications of the lunar physical conditions. The reduced weight of the human body and the possibility of making high jumps will render rope ladders and other similar equipment unnecessary except in very special cases. A pedestrian will be able to jump on to a third floor balcony or window, inspect the inside of the premises, jump down inconspicuously and continue his stroll in the street without drawing unnecessary attention because there will not be many people in the street. Incidentally, our experts are already working on a prototype of special lunar shoes with springs. The springs will considerably increase the jumping power of our operational squads. As I mentioned before the time of disappearance below the lunar horizon for an ordinary man will be about five minutes. I wish to assure you, ladies and gentlemen, that thanks to the efforts of our scientists and technologists it will not be five minutes for us. It will not be three or even two minutes. It will be feasible for a CC member on duty to disappear below the horizon within a fraction of a second. And it will be absolutely essential to get below the horizon as quickly as possible because not only visibility, but also radio communication will be possible only within the horizon limits. Disappearance below the horizon will mean perfect safety from police radio cars”.

Task 2. Put the verbs in brackets in the correct form.

Conditional sentences.

1. Your notes are almost illegible. Why don't you type them? If you (*type*) they (*be*) a lot easier to read.
2. A university degree is a useful thing. If I (*have*) a university degree I now (*sit*) in a comfortable office instead of standing at a street corner selling newspapers.

Task 3. Most of these sentences contain one mistake. Correct it or write “right”.

1. My neighbor is very proud of her new grandson who born last week.

2. I'm very fond of this old brooch because it was belonged to my grandmother.
3. My family live in Ukraine but I was educated in Britain.
4. I'm afraid I can't lend you my camera. It's repairing this week.
5. The bridge was collapsed during the floods but fortunately no one was using it at the time.

Task 4. Fill in the gaps with the correct form of the verb.

1. The Mayor of Paris ___ attend the service tomorrow before leaving the city.

a) is about to; b) is to; c) is on the point of.

2. These pills are ___ with any other medicine.

a) not to be taken; b) not take; c) due to be taken.

Task 5. Choose the correct translation.

1. Допомогати бідним — це наш обов'язок.

A. It is our duty to help the poors. B. It is our duty to help the poor.

C. It is our duty helping the poor. D. It is our duty to help the poor.

2. Зачинити двері?

A. May I shut the door?

B. Will I shut the door?

C. Shall I shut the door?

D. Could I shut the door?

Task 6. Translate into English.

1. Я почув, як мої колеги сваряться, і вирішив піти до них та запитати, у чому річ.

2. Не слід було нічого змінювати.

3. Ви не заперечуєте, якщо я залишу вам своє повідомлення?

4. Я волів би порадитись з кимсь, ніж зробити помилку.

Варіант 26

Task 1. Read and translate the text. Ask 5 questions to the text.

During a sleepless night last Monday, Mr. Hawk suddenly realized that he was in love with Alice Elliott. He came to the conclusion that he had been in love with her for months if not for years. Only his extreme shyness and reserve (i. e. his inhibitions) had kept the feeling deep in his subconscious and prevented It from coming to the surface. The whole thing became obvious when Mr. Hawk read a chapter in a textbook on modern psychology. He had taken the book from the local library by mistake the previous day. He knew he had made a mistake the

moment he had opened the book at home, but it was too late to go back to the library. Out of curiosity he read a chapter in the evening. Then he started to psychoanalyze himself and he saw clearly that his whole life had been a series of self-deceptions, half-truths or lies. It came to light that he had always wanted to murder Mr. Baxter and burgle his safe, to run away with Alice Elliott and become a cowboy. In the course of this relentless process of self-revelation, he came to the conclusion that all his life he had been a fool. The thought had a sobering effect on him. Had he been a fool or was the book wrong? Surely the book was wrong! He returned to the library the following morning and quickly forgot the whole thing.

Task 2. Put the verbs in brackets in the correct form.

1. I (*be*) very grateful if you kindly (*sign*) this document and let me have it back as soon as possible.

2. If the earth suddenly (*stop*) spinning we all (*fly*) off it.

Task 3. Most of these sentences contain one mistake.

Correct it or write "right".

1. If you aren't careful what you're doing with that hammer someone will hurt in a minute!

2. The word 'stupid' was in my report but it wasn't referred to you.

3. I'm sorry I am late. I got held up in the traffic.

4. When did you discover that the money had been disappeared?

5. Children under the age of seven do not allow in this pool.

Task 4. Rewrite the sentences using an *if* construction.

1. She is very shy; that's why she doesn't enjoy parties.

2. The flats are not clearly numbered, so it is very difficult to find them.

Task 5. Choose the correct translation.

1. Через це він хоче поїхати.

A. But of this he wants to leave. B. For this he wants to leave. C. For this reason he wants to leave.

2. Студент склав іспит.

A. The student took his examination. B. The student held his examination. C. The student gave his examination.

Task 6. Translate into English.

1. Я почув, що Катерина розмовляє з нашим партнером англійською.

2. Ми побачили, як полісмен підійшов до водія та щось запитав у нього.
3. Переходячи дорогу в Англії, спершу подивіться праворуч, а не ліворуч.
4. Вони повинні були дати відповідь ще вчора.

Варіант 27

Task 1. Read and translate the text. Ask 5 questions to the text.

You think that you are a success in life. You are wrong. You are a complete failure. You imagine that you are a VIP (Very Important Person) because you have your office, your employees, your car and your money. You are forgetting, Mr. Baxter, that the office is not your property. It belongs to a number of shareholders. The employees are not yours, either, because you cannot own people. The car and the money are yours today. But tomorrow? Who knows? You spend a lot of money and yet you are a beggar. You never look at the stars because you have no time. Whose are the stars, do you think? They are mine. And the air is mine and the sea. They are mine because I know how to enjoy them. I work and I get a salary for my work. But I get the sea, the stars and the air free. They belong to me and to people like me, to people with imagination. They are ours because we know how to look and how to breathe. Our salaries and wages are often small, but the world is ours. Mine, Mr. Brown's and Miss Flight's. Mr. Brown has an old telescope. Every night when the sky is clear, he looks at the stars and his old telescope brings them close to him, shows him stars which cannot be seen with the naked eye. And they are all his because he looks at them, sees them and loves them. Miss Flight loves art, and all the pictures in the London museums are hers because she has time to go and look at them. You, Mr. Baxter, take only part of her time. The rest is hers and she knows what to do with it. The trouble with you is that you sell all your time for money. That is why you are a failure and a beggar. People like Mr. Brown and Miss Flight are really rich and successful. They are rich because their lives are rich. They are successful because the whole world is theirs. And real happiness is theirs, too. Now, Mr. Baxter, are you a VTP? Are you a clever fellow? Or are you a damned fool? I hope you will give it some thought and draw your own conclusions.

Task 2. Put the verbs in brackets in the correct form

1. — We didn't exactly break down. We had a puncture. — But if it (*be*) a puncture why you (*not change*) the wheel and come on?

2. I have a particular desire to win the Football pools. If I (*win*) an enormous sum everybody (*write*) to me for money.

Task 3. Most of these sentences contain one mistake.

Correct it or write “right”.

1. The coffee is smelling wonderful.
2. Last year we visited the States.
3. The shop sank because the engineer wasn't calling for help until it was already thinking.
4. The reason I get fat is that I am always tasting things while I am cooking.
5. How is Jennifer? Does her health improve?

Task 4. Rewrite the sentences using an *if* construction.

1. You work too fast; that's why you do so many mistakes.
2. English people speak very quickly. Perhaps that's why I can't understand them.

Task 5. Choose the correct translation.

1. Собаки недовірливі до чужих.
A. Dogs are suspicious on strangers. B. Dogs are suspicious for strangers. C. Dogs are suspicious to strangers.
2. Позбавлений усього.
A. Deprived everything. B. Deprived of everything. C. Deprived from everything.

Task 6. Translate into English.

1. Вони повинні були дати відповідь ще тиждень тому, але ми її досі не отримали.
2. Учора нам відремонтували комп'ютер.
3. Мені б не хотілося, щоб ви марно витрачали стільки часу і грошей.

Варіант 28

Task 1. Read and translate the text. Ask 5 questions to the text.

Mr. Cyril Cleaves had a date with Alice Elliott last Tuesday evening, but she did not turn up. He telephoned her flat from a nearby telephone box to find out what had happened, but no one answered the phone.

Alice did not hear the telephone bell ring. She was sitting at her desk deep in thought. She had been sitting like that for hours. She had been trying to find appropriate words and expressions to convey her thoughts

adequately. She had been composing an essay. Unaware of the passage of time and oblivious of her surroundings, she had been writing, biting her pen, tearing up sheets of paper, talking to herself and writing again. Abstract and academic sentences formed under her pen only to disappear in the waste paper basket. There was a frown on her forehead and a tired expression on her face. She had been thinking too hard and smoking too much. There were tears in her eyes. That was not because she had been crying. She had not. But she had been working in clouds of cigarette smoke. Suddenly she stood up, went to the window and looked out. The air was cool and there were pools of water in the street. It had been raining hard, but the rain had now stopped. She looked at the street again and remembered the date, which she had not kept. She hurried to the hall and dialed Mr. Cleaves's number. No one answered. Apparently Cyril had not returned.

Task 2. Use the verbs in brackets in the correct tenses.

1. If he (*not take*) his gloves off he (*not get*) frost bitten.
2. She was sent to prison only because she refused to pay the fine; if she (*pay*) the fine she (*not be*) sent to prison.

Task 3. Most of these sentences contain one mistake. Correct it or write "right".

1. You're quite right, I'm completely agreeing with you.
2. What did you do after you left school?
3. Now I understand what you're trying to say!
4. I can't imagine why you were believing all those rumors.
5. Joseph looked forward to a peaceful weekend, when his brother arrived with all his friends from the football club.

Task 4. Rewrite the sentences using an *if* construction.

1. He spends hours watching television; that's why he never has time to do odd jobs in the house.
2. My house is guarded by two Alsatian dogs. That's the only reason it isn't broken into every night.

Task 5. Choose the correct translation.

1. Він розкаявся у своїх гріхах.
A. He repented on his sins. B. He repented of his sins. C. He repented from his sins. D. He repented to his sins.
2. Він соромиться своєї поведінки.
A. He is ashamed with his conduct. B. He is ashamed in his conduct. C. He is ashamed of his conduct. D. He is ashamed by his conduct. E. He is ashamed to his conduct.

Task 6. Translate into English.

1. Детектив бачив, як Блейк міняв гроші в банку.
2. Я давно вже хотів познайомити вас із моїми колегами.
3. Вам обов'язково потрібно розглянути цю пропозицію. Вона здається дуже цікава.
4. На його місці я б подумав двічі, перш ніж давати остаточну відповідь.

Варіант 29

Task 1. Read and translate the text. Ask 5 questions to the text.

(An excerpt from Dr. Cracks's address to the 3-rd Congress of the CC Scientists and Technologists)

“Mr. Chairman, ladies and gentlemen. In the course of human history the present Congress is the most important although perhaps not the most widely publicized event in the field of science and technology. And what can be more vital to the present day world than science and technology? We all know that the answer is: Nothing!

During the past decades the rapid development of science and technology has transformed the face of the earth beyond recognition. And you are in a position to know best that whatever the achievements of world science have been, the CC has always been well ahead of them. This has been possible thanks to your genius and your work, ladies and gentlemen. Non-CC scientific and research centers have, no doubt, obtained many spectacular results, but our results have always been better. To quote only a few examples: those centers of research have managed to produce very fast vehicles indeed, but our vehicles are faster. Non-CC scientists have made it possible for the industries of various countries to manufacture lethal chemical substances of extraordinary power. They, the non-CC world, have been very successful indeed, but we have been more successful. Our chemicals are even more deadly and they are less bulky. They, the non-CC world, have admittedly produced more destructive explosives, but our explosives are more sophisticated and more convenient to handle. They have gone very far indeed in spending huge sums of money on space exploration. We have managed to go much further, although in a different direction. Our space programme is conceived not in terms of expenditure, but in terms of net profits. And I dare say, ladies and gentlemen, that our programme is not any worse for it. In fact I believe that it is much

better. The CC scientists are the best paid scientists in the world and at the same time the CC gets the highest profits out of science. Our worst paid laboratory assistants are much better off than the best paid non-CC experts. And I need hardly remind you, ladies and gentlemen, that we are not state subsidized. We are an entirely self-supporting organization. We work, we live and we enjoy life the really big way!”

Task 2. Use the verbs in brackets in the required Tense Form.

1. He didn't tell me he was a vegetarian till halfway through the meal. If he (*tell*) me earlier I (*cook*) him something more suitable.

2. Why didn't you say you were short of money? If I (*know*) I (*lend*) you some.

Task 3. Most of these sentences contain one mistake. Correct it or write "right".

1. Philippa heard the results of the election as she was driving to work, so she phoned me when she got there.

2. Oh, I'm sorry, I've spilt some tea. Where are you keeping the paper towels?

Task 4. Fill in the gaps with the correct form of the verb.

1. The job is much worse than I expected. If I (*realize*) how awful it was to be I (*not accept*) it.

2. It was the drug, not the disease, that killed him. He would still be alive today if he (*not take*) that drug.

Task 5. Choose the correct translation.

1. Клас розійшовся у поглядах.

A. The class was divided in its opinions. B. The class was divided in its opinion. C. The class was divided in their opinions.

2. Ви пішли всупереч закону.

A. You ran discrepant with the law. B. You ran afoul to the law. C. You ran discrepant to the law. D. You ran afoul of the law.

Task 6. Translate into English.

1. Я думаю, вам потрібно випити гарячої кави, перш ніж ви підете. Вечір такий холодний.

2. Ми давно його не бачили. Неллі говорить, що він дуже змінився.

3. Коли годинник пробив одинадцять, він усе ще працював.

Variation 30

Task 1. Read and translate the text. Ask 5 questions to the text.

At present Alice Elliott is entertaining her Polish pen-friend Peter Snop. Peter is a student of psychology at Warsaw University. He is not only a student, but also a pop-singer. His repertoire consists mainly of English and American pop-songs. Peter has come to England to cure a complex. The complex has been caused by his difficulties in pronouncing correctly certain English words such as: “love, baby, remember, for ever, never, forget”.

At Liverpool Street Station Peter was met by Alice. She had arranged for him to stay at a students' hostel. They went to the hostel on a double-decker bus. Peter got very excited and wanted to sing on the bus, but stage fright prevented him from doing so. In the days that followed Peter did a lot of sightseeing. On the fourth day of his stay in London he visited a students' club where he sang several songs. The audience were delighted. Peter was congratulated on the charming way in which he pronounced English. In his interpretation simple words like: “love, baby, remember, for ever, never, forget” assumed a new significance and were hardly recognizable. They became almost abstract symbols. Peter has been in London for five days now. He has spent most of the money that he brought to England. His initial optimism has cooled off a little. He has not managed to get a job as a psychologist and his offer to sing songs has been turned down. But Peter does not complain. He has found a job. He is washing dishes at a nightclub.

Task 2. Use the verbs in brackets in the required Tense Form.

1. This room is freezing because the fire has only just been lit. If it (*be lit*) this morning, as I suggested, the room would be warm enough to sit in now.

2. I overslept; that's why I'm half an hour late; and if my phone (*not ring*) at nine o'clock I might still be in bed.

Task 3. There are seven mistakes. Find and correct them.

I would like to apply for the job of shop manager, which I see, advertised in the local newspaper.

I am twenty years old. I was born in France but my family moved to England when I was twelve and I am living here ever since. I have several jobs in shops for three years and since then I am working in Halls department store.

The manager has been saying that he is willing to give me a reference. I speak French and English fluently and I have learnt German since I left school, so I speak some German too.

I hope you will consider my application.

Task 4. Fill in the gaps with the correct form of the verb.

1. It was rather a dull game so I left before the end; if I (*wait*) another five minutes I (*see*) Chelsea scoring a really exciting goal.
2. The paraffin heater was perfectly safe. There (*not be*) a fire if the children (*not knock*) it over.

Task 5. Choose the correct translation.

1. Вони обидва не ходили до школи.

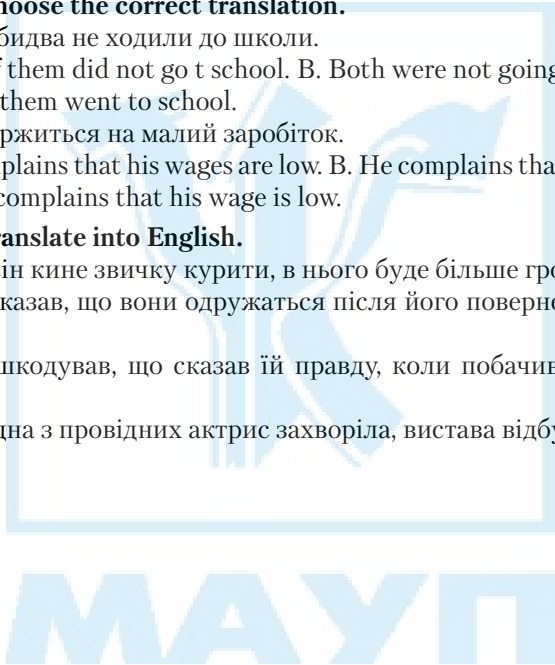
A. Both of them did not go to school. B. Both were not going to school.
C. Neither of them went to school.

2. Він скаржить на малий заробіток.

A. He complains that his wages are low. B. He complains that his wages is low. C. He complains that his wage is low.

Task 6. Translate into English.

1. Якщо він кине звичку курити, в нього буде більше грошей.
2. Марк сказав, що вони одружаться після його повернення з Парижа.
3. Він пошкодував, що сказав їй правду, коли побачив, що вона плаче.
4. Хоча одна з провідних актрис захворіла, вистава відбулась.



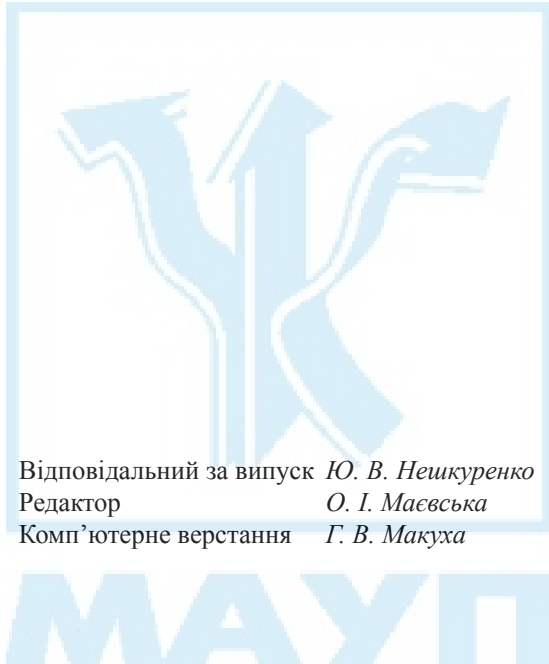
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